

BINBASI NECATI BEY PRIMARY SCHOOL



ETWINNING PROJECT

PRESENTATION CONTENT

- IDENTIFICATION OF TURKEY
- IDENTIFICATION OF ISTANBUL
- IDENTIFICATION OF OUR SCHOOL
- PROJECT ACTIVITIES







Europe

Black Sea

Constantinople

Anatolia (Turkey)

Mediterranean Sea

ISTANBUL MAP



HISTORICALLY DYNAMIC ISTANBUL





WHY ISTANBUL?

- Istanbul is a city of unparalleled historical and cultural richness that is as fascinating and historical as it is dynamic and modern. Serving as the capital of three mighty empires and set squarely between two continents, Istanbul has cultures and traditions that blend East with West and Mediterranean with Anatolian. Each civilization that has made its home in Istanbul has left its mark in some way, and the result we see today is a city that could only have come about after thousands of years of diverse cultures each adding a little something. With one foot in Europe and another in Asia, and a vibrant atmosphere rooted in history while facing toward the future, Istanbul is truly as much a crossroads of ideas and cultures today as ever. Come see it for yourself! Add your footsteps to those of the millions who have walked along the Bosphorus for millennia and sampled all that Istanbul has to offer.

Istanbul is Europe's Culture Capital in 2010



Istanbul, which has long captured the imagination of artists, writers and travelers with its rich classical, Byzantine and Ottoman heritage, has been selected as the European Capital of Culture in 2010. Seven-member jury including representatives from European Parliament, European Commission, European Council and Committee of Regions selected Istanbul as the European Capital of Culture.

The Istanbul bid is based on the four elements of ancient Greek philosophy -- earth, air, fire and water -- and embrace scores of events, lectures, exhibitions, concerts, plays and shows.

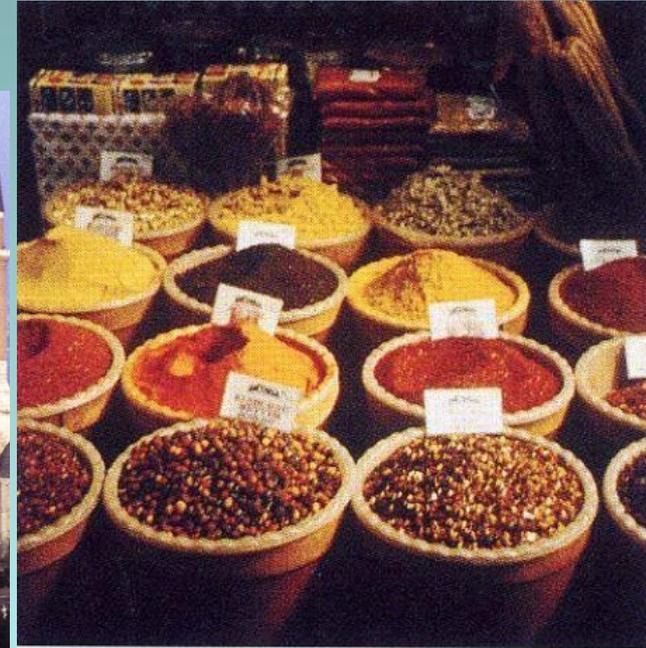
Designed to "contribute to bringing the peoples of Europe together", the European City of Culture project was launched, at the initiative of Melina Mercouri, by the Council of Ministers in 1985. It has become ever more popular with the citizens of Europe and has seen its cultural and socio-economic influence grow through the many visitors it has attracted.



Do you start with ancient history and artifacts, or do you start with the Roman, Byzantine or Ottoman Empires? Istanbul was capital of all three. Few cities in the world have such an amazing array of treasures. Istanbul is a natural gateway, offering a friendly welcome and genuine hospitality. It is a metropolis proud of its rich history and unrivaled natural beauty spread on two continents, Europe and Asia, divided by the Bosphorus. It is attractive both for the beauty of the surrounding landscape and for its historical treasures.



Historic and Cultural Sites



- Number of different & interesting tours available through these extraordinary sites, museums, mosques and palaces;**
- Full-day or half day tours in the old city.**
- Special shopping trips**
- Historical cruises visiting palaces along the Bosphorus**
- Day excursions to near by islands or outdoor activities/games**
- Special trips to historical Turkish Baths**
- Coffee/Tea Breaks or luncheons in historical tea houses or cafes**
- Art Museum visits**
- Sunset Cruises on the Bosphorus or in the Golden Horn with Sultan Kayıks***

Istanbul Highlights

Hagia (St.) Sophia: This magnificent architecture was built by Constantine the Great and considered as the masterpiece of Byzantine art. Its first construction dates back to the end of the 4th century. Considered as “The Eighth Wonder of the World”, this brilliant historical site is a must see in Istanbul.



Topkapi Palace: Another must see in Istanbul. This palace was the imperial residence of the Ottoman sultans and it is the most extensive and fascinating monument of Turkish civil architecture in existence. It also houses extraordinary collections of porcelain, armour, fabrics, jewelry, miniatures, calligraphy and many other precious objects that once belonged to the sultans and their court.

Blue Mosque: Facing Hagia Sophia, famous with its blue Iznik tiles and unique with 6 minarets, was built in the name of Sultan Ahmet. It is almost the symbol of Istanbul. The blue and white of more than 20,000 Iznik tiles are in a perfect harmony with golden manuscripts of Koran and the red of the carpets.

Hippodrome: “Hippodrome” was constructed with the order of the Roman Emperor Septimius and then reconstructed as the hippodrome during the reign of Constantine the Great. The center of social life for Byzantium and Ottoman Empire could host 100,000 spectators. It was the scene of countless political and military events during the long life of this city. The Egyptian Obelisk is one of the three monuments decorating the

Hippodrome. This 3500-year-old monument was brought to Constantinople by Emperor Theodosius in 390 AD.



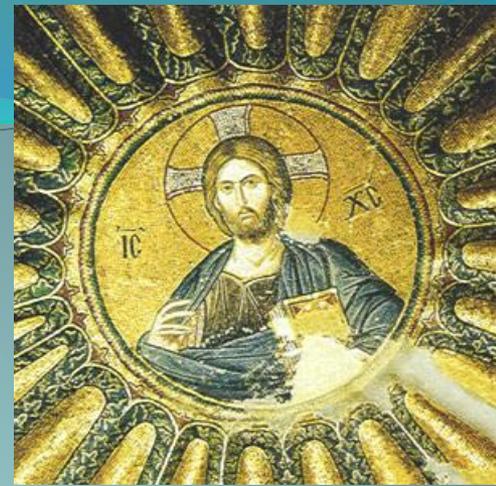
Underground Basilica Cistern: It is one of the most breathtaking historical sites in Istanbul. Here one discovers the grandiose nature of the past while touring through Istanbul’s largest and most magnificent underground Cistern. It was built by the Emperor Justinian in the 6th century to supply water to the nearby palace complex. The cistern has 336 decorated

columns. Two spectacular Medusa head carvings were discovered during the restoration works.



Istanbul Highlights Cont'd

Chora (Kariye) Museum: It is also known as the mosaic museum and is located within the city walls of Edirne Kapı. The mosaics and frescoes were designed and executed between 1315 and 1321. Chora Museum is originally formed the center of a Byzantine monestry complex. Only the church section, which was dedicated to Jesus Christ the Savior, has survived. After the arrival of Ottomons in Istanbul, this building was converted to a mosque. In 1948, it was converted into a museum leaving no Islamic element in the building.

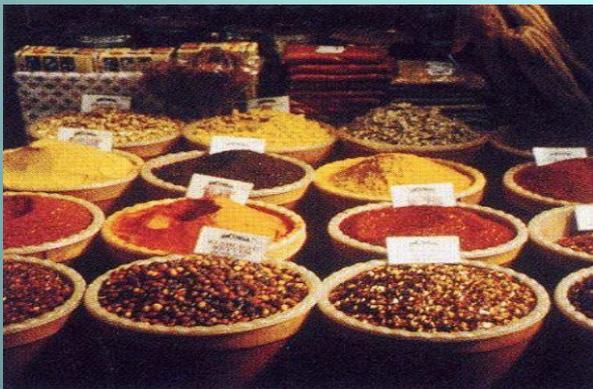


Suleymaniye Mosque: A spectacular architectural artwork of the Great Architect Sinan and a best example of Ottoman architecture. Standing in the courtyard of the mosque gives one the chills and make one appreciate this breathtaking artwork..



Grand Bazaar: Time for shopping through 4400 shops in the famous Grand Bazaar, the oldest covered shopping area in the world! One will explore the mysterious atmosphere and numberless side streets with gold and diamond shops, leather and textile shops as well as beautiful handcrafts of Turkey.

Spice Market: Opportunity to shop and smell the finest herbs and Turkish delicates! Spice Market is one of Istanbul's most exciting and colorful bazaars with its cosy atmosphere offering the mystery of Oriental cuisine through extraordinary spices and herbs in thousands of sacks.



Istanbul Highlights Cont'd

***Sultan Kayıks:** Sail and relax with joy like the Sultans did!

During the Ottoman Empire, the Sultans' favorite personal pleasure was to sail on the Bosphorus with a special wooden boat called "Kayık". These boats had a gondola-like design, made from special kind of wood, interiors covered in velvet with silk cushions, rowed by trained oarsmen. Now, these "kayıks" are back and are used for special tours. Guests can have drinks and music on board. Capacity is 30 pax per boat.

Dolmabahce Palace- This impressive building represents contemporary and unique architecture in Ottoman Empire. The palace was built by Sultan Abdulmecit as the outcome of his Westernization influences between the years 1844 and 1853. It houses one of the finest materials used in Ottoman Empire such as very expensive chandeliers, crystals, glasses and furniture. It served as the residence of late Ottoman Emperors and Ataturk, the founder of Turkey. The tour of this palace is certainly worthwhile.

Princess Islands Tours - Consisting of nine islands in the Sea of Marmara, the Princes' Islands are just a short ferry ride from Istanbul, yet has a very different feel than the

city. These peaceful and relaxed islands are great to have fish, walk around, ride with horse carriages and see the colorful historical places such as churches and old mansions and enjoy the beautiful view of the Marmara Sea and Istanbul from a distance.



BINBAŐI NECATI BEY PRIMARY SCHOOL



Our school Binbasi Necati Bey İlkogretim Okulu is located in İstanbul, Marmara Region of Turkey . There is no risk of social exclusion, migrants or refugees. It's a secure area. It's a state school, located in nearby the county center. The students and families have an average life standard in terms of socio-economic conditions. In our school, we pay a lot attention to social activities. There are 530 students and 27 teachers at our school. We also have 10 students having difficulties in learning with special needs. And we also have 18 classrooms and two kindergarden classes. Our students are between 6 and 14 years old. Our students at school lack in having a chance of going abroad and this project is a great chance for them to improve their English. Besides this, they will have a chance to get to know new cultures, languages, European education system. This project will also be an opportunity to meet people from different backgrounds, cultures and with different traditions. It will be great to european countries and Turkish traditions and cultures.



FROM OUR SCHOOL ACTIVITIES



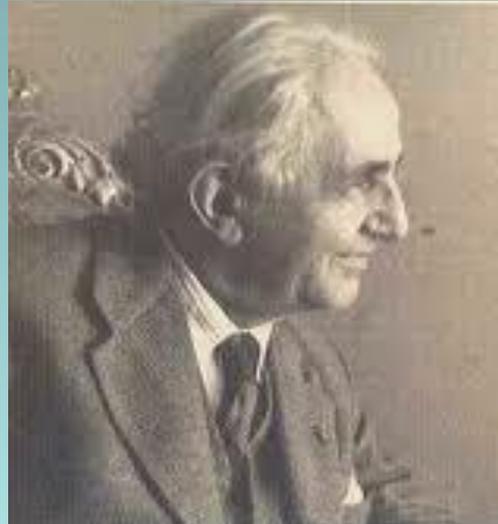




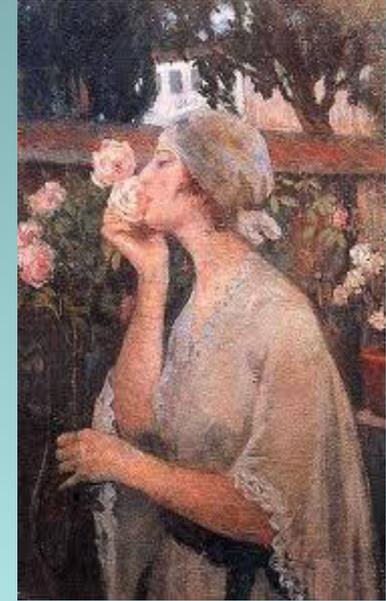
THE PROJECT ACTIVITIES



ARTIST



Ressam İbrahim Çallı



Osman Hamdi Bey



Mehmet Nuri Arel

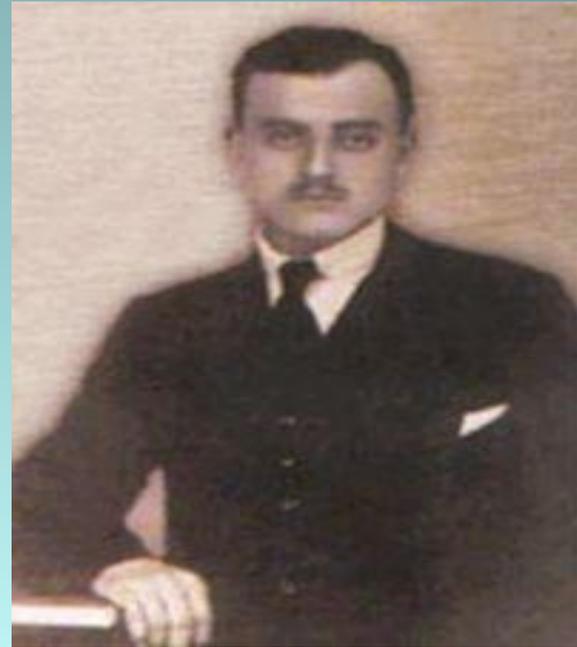


Hikmet Onat





MUSICIAN



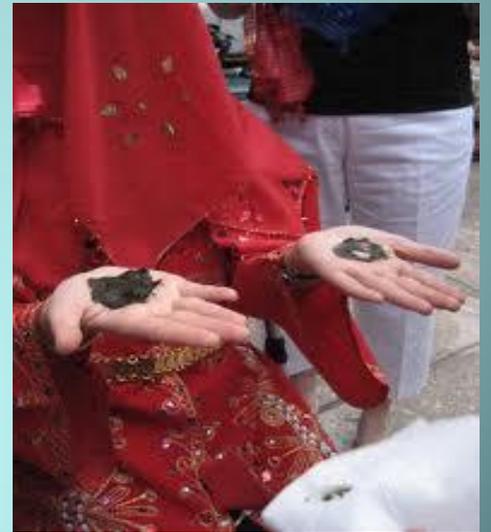
MEVLANA AND SEMAZEN



FOLK DANCE



HENNA



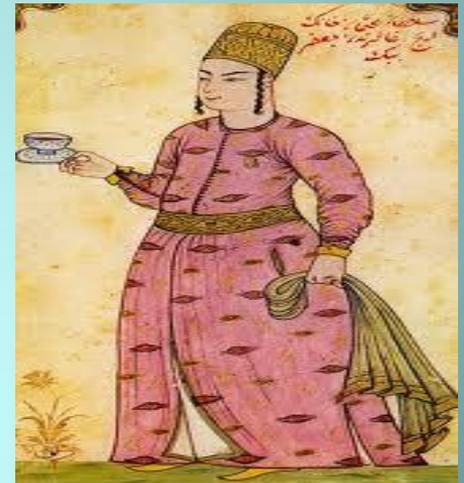
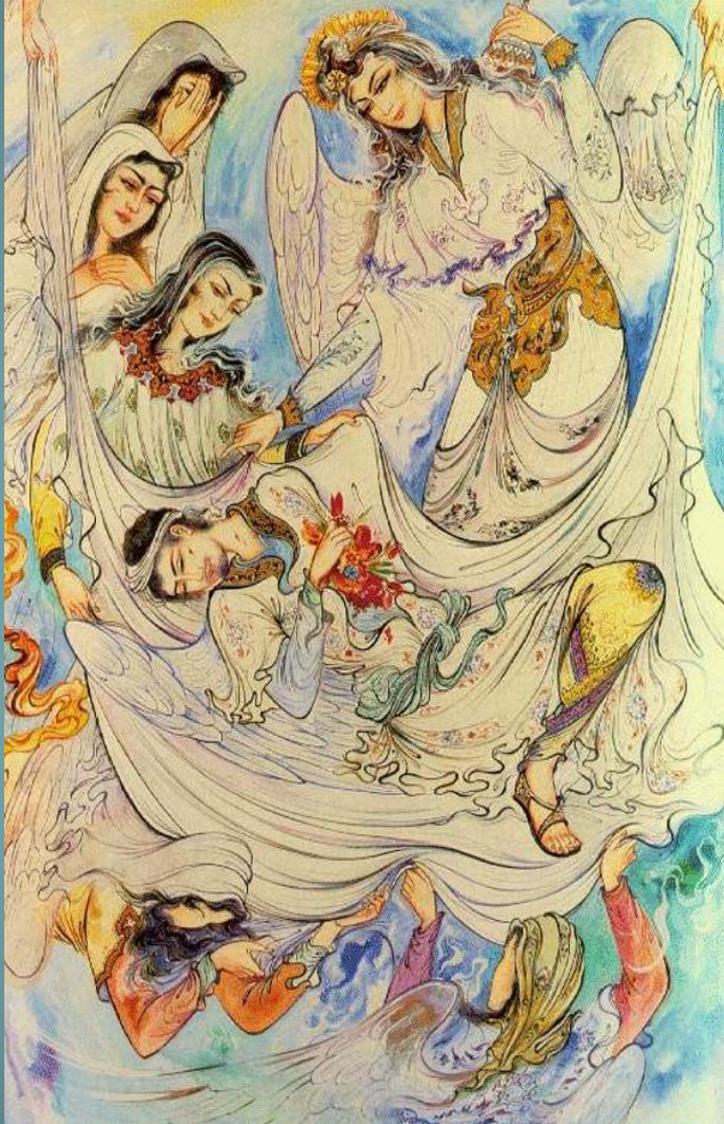
ASUK AND MASUK



EBRU



MINIATURE



KARAGOZ AND HACIVAT





THANK YOU ...